ESG Datasheet 2023

Complementary document to the 2023 Sustainability Report





Reduce carbon footprint [1]

| Disclosure | Accounting metric | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Target | Target year |
|---|---|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|-------------|
| GRI 11.1.5 GRI 11.1.6 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | Operational absolute emissions - direct (Scope 1) and indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions [2] | million tCO ₂ e | 59 | 56 | 62 | 48 | 46 | 55 | 2030 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Routine flaring [3] | million m ³ | | 10 | 5 | 59 | 150 | 0 | 2030 |
| - | CO ₂ reinjection in CCUS projects (accumulated) | million tCO ₂ | 14.4 | 21.4 | 30.1 | 40.8 | 53.7 | 80.0 | 2025 |
| GRI 11.1.8 | GHG intensity in E&P segment [4] | kgCO ₂ e/boe | 17.3 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 15.0 | 14.2 | 15.0 | 2030 |
| GRI 11.1.8 | GHG intensity in Refining Segment [5] | kgCO ₂ e/CWT | 41.7 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 30.0 | 2030 |
| - | Upstream methane emissions intensity | tCH ₄ /thousand tHC | 0.58 | 0.45 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 2030 |

Our emissions inventory is prepared according to the technical specifications of the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program, in alignment with the guidelines of the standard "A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol)" from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol - A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol), developed by the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD), and with the specific guidelines published by the International Petroleum Industry Environmental Conservation Association (IPIECA) in the Petroleum industry Guidelines for Reporting Greenhouse Gas Emissions. We rely on proprietary software, the Atmospheric Emissions Management System (SIGEA®). This computerized system consolidates our emissions inventory through the monthly processing of information from approximately 10,000 sources. Emission calculations are based on international references such as the American Petroleum Institute Compendium, the Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (UIS-EPA AP-2), and calculation tools from the Brazilian GHG Perotocol Program.

- a) Emissions over the period refer to E&P operations, refining, fertilizers, petrochemicals, electricity generation, land (pipeline and road) and maritime transport operations, as well as marketing activities in Brazil, Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, United States, Mexico, Paraguay, and Peru. The range of activities and road) and maritime transport operations, as well as marketing activities in Brazil, Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, United States, Mexico, Paraguay, and Peru. The range of activities and countries of operation may vary over the years according to our portfolio management.
- b) CO₂ equivalent emissions were calculated based on the Global Warming Potential (GWP) values from the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) AR4. In reports prior to 2016, these emissions were calculated considering the GWP values of the IPCC's Second Assessment Report (SAR); therefore, changes in the data may be observed.
- c) Other possible changes in historical numerical information regarding publications prior to 2023 Sustainability Report, are due to improvements in the atmospheric emissions management system or recommendations resulting from third-party verification processes. d) Our emissions are verified annually by a third party, with a forecast that data verification for 2023 will be completed by July 2024, and may undergo adjustments until then.
- e) Biogenic CO2 emissions are not representative in our inventory.
- 2 The values for 2023 refer to the total operational emissions, without considering the use of carbon credits to offset the emissions of Greenhouse Gas Emissions (GEE) from Petrobras Podium Carbon Neutral Gasoline calculated through Life Cycle Assessment (LCA). Of the offset emissions, approximately 11.7 thousand tCO2e correspond to operational emissions.
- The increase in values is due to the revision and optimization of flaring classifications between 2022 and 2023. Throughout 2022, we improved the identification of flaring reasons in order to classify the entirety of our flaring volume into routine flare, non-routine flare, and safety flare categories. In 2023, we achieved 100% classification.
- The Scope 1 and 2 emissions and the gases CO₂, CH4, N₂O, HFCs, and SF6 are included. The E&P segment indicator that composed our top metric in 2023 referred to the greenhouse gas emissions intensity of units that were already in operation as of January 2023. The target for this indicator was 15.04 kgCO2e/boe, and the result achieved was 13.8 kgCO2e/boe. The 2023 result presented in the table corresponds to the overall GHG Intensity in E&P segment, which is related to our sustainability history and commitment.
- The kgCO₂e/CWT indicator uses the activity unit called CWT (Complexity Weighted Tonne), which takes into account both the effect of processed load and the complexity of each refinery, allowing for the comparison of GHG emission potentials between refineries with different profiles and sizes. The external verification process of the inventory and emission indicators for the year 2023 is expected to be completed by July 2024, and may be subject to changes until that date. It includes Scope 1 and 2 emissions, as well as CO₂, CH₄, N₂O, HFCs, and SF₆ gases.



Protecting the environment

| Disclosure | Biodiversity, water, and waste metrics | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Target | Target year |
|--|---|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|
| - | Facilities with a biodiversity action plan [1] | % | | | 25% | 25% | 55% | 100% | 2025 |
| - | Number of endangered species of fauna protected, studied, and/or monitored [2] | species | 56 | 52 | 56 | 58 | 82 | 70 | 2030 |
| - | Recovered and conserved biomes [3] | thousand hectares | 100 | 95 | 175 | 254 | 358 | 220 | 2030 |
| - | Areas with strengthened environmental protection management [4] | million hectares | 35 | 35 | 25 | 28 | 28 | 32 | 2030 |
| GRI 11.8.2 SASB EM-EP-160a.2 | Oil and oil product spills [5] | m ³ | 415.3 | 216.5 | 11.6 | 218.0 | 16.9 | 120.0 | 2024 |
| GRI 11.6.4 SASB EM-EP-140a.1 SASB EM-RM-140a.1 | Freshwater withdrawal [6] | megaliters | 156,864 | 146,251 | 150,749 | 122,167 | 114,663 | 91,000 | 2030 |
| GRI 11.5.4 SASB EM-RM-150a.1 | Generation of solid waste from processes [7] | thousand t | 307 | 289 | 278 | 249 | 224 | 195 | 2030 |
| SASB EM-RM-150a.1 | Disposal of solid waste from processes into RRR routes [8] | % | 63% | 69% | 68% | 76% | 76% | 80% | 2030 |
| - | Environmental monitoring programs and projects in environmental licensing processes [9] | million BRL | | | 221 | 348 | 431 | | |

| 1 | The commitment to develop Biodiversity Action Plans (BAPs) has a national scope and includes facilities operated by Petrobras, as well as facilities operated by Libra, Transpetro, and Petrobras Biocombustível. |
|---|---|
| 2 | Cumulative result of ongoing projects in 2023. |
| 3 | The area directly affected by voluntary environmental projects in restoration, productive reconversion, and direct conservation actions, such as sustainable management. Cumulative result of ongoing projects in 2023. |
| 4 | The size of the protected areas in which the actions of voluntary environmental projects contribute to strengthening their management and conservation, especially Indigenous Lands and Quilombola Territories. Cumulative result of ongoing projects in 2023. |
| 5 | The volumes of oil and oil product spills related to our operations (not including clandestine tapping) from all occurrences that individually account for a volume leaked above one barrel (0.159 m ³) and that have reached water bodies or non-waterproofed soil. The data includes Petrobras parent company, Libra, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro - Colombia branch, and Transpetro. The targets correspond to the maximum permissible limit. |
| 6 | The data includes the parent company and the companies Petrobras Biocombustível, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Biocombustibles, and Transpetro. It does not consider open circuit cooling water (30,557 megaliters in 2023) and rainwater harvesting (123 megaliters in 2023). |
| 7 | The data includes the parent company and the companies Petrobras Biocombustível, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles, and Transpetro. |
| 8 | The total mass of hazardous/non-hazardous waste disposed of in RRR routes (Reuse, Recycling, and Recovery) divided by the total mass of hazardous/non-hazardous waste disposed of. |
| 9 | Until 2021, the number only referred to the parent company. |



Caring for people

| Disclosure | Social metrics | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Target | Target year |
|--|---|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|
| GRI 2-7 | Number of employees [1] | employees | 57,983 | 49,050 | 45,532 | 45,149 | 46,730 | | |
| GRI 2-8 | Number of contractors (workers who are not employees) | workers | 103,133 | 92,766 | 99,126 | 105,397 | 107,819 | | |
| - | Women in leadership positions [2] | employees | 18.4% | 19.1% | 19.3% | 19.4% | 22.1% | 25% | 2030 |
| - | Black people in leadership positions [2] [3] | employees | 19.3% | 20,0% | 21.3% | 21.9% | 22.2% | 25% | 2030 |
| - | Number of employees with disabilities [4] | employees | 337 | 278 | 404 | 537 | 793 | | |
| GRI 11.9.10 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 EM-EP-320a.1 | Fatalities [5] | people | 2 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 2024 |
| GRI 11.9.10 EM-EP-320a.1 EM-RM-320a.1 | Total Recordable Injury Rate (TRIR) | [6] | 0.76 | 0.56 | 0.54 | 0.68 | 0.80 | < 0.7 | 2024 |
| - | Percentage of employees trained in Human Rights [7] [8] | % | | | | 8% | 97% | 100% | 2025 |
| - | Investments in cultural projects [9] | million BRL | 37 | 18 | 37 | 28 | 61 | | |
| - | Investments in sport projects [9] | million BRL | 71 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 4 | | |
| - | Investments in business, science and technology projects [9] [10] | million BRL | 13 | 8 | 12 | 17 | 24 | | |
| - | Investments in socio-environmental projects | million BRL | 116 | 89 | 88 | 121 | 159 | | |
| - | Social and environmental projects with measurement of social return [7] [11] | % | 0.94 | 5.88 | 12.75 | 23.60 | 34.09 | | |
| - | Return on social and environmental benefits for every R\$1.00 invested in socio-environmental projects [7] [12] | BRL | 4.55 | 6.51 | 5.10 | 5.29 | 4.84 | > 1.50 | 2030 |
| - | Donations [13] | million BRL | 1 | 26 | 101 | 272 | 2 | | |
| - | Projects to minimize and offset socio-economic impacts [9] | million BRL | | | 108 | 114 | 135 | | |



1

The calculated numbers correspond to the employees registered in the system under the regime as of December 31, 2023, assigned to equivalent regions. Therefore, it does not consider fluctuations in hiring or termination, as it represents a specific snapshot of the company's profile on a given date and not an average over the period. Members of the Executive Board and President are governed by the company's bylaws and the Brazilian Corporate Law, and are not subject to the CLT (Consolidation of Labor Laws). The data does not include information from Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores, Petronect, and Transbel.

- 2 Leadership positions are the management functions that include: coordinator, sector manager, general manager, assistant, executive manager, officers and the CEO. Excludes employees of contracted companies working on the company's premises.
- 3 Self-declared employees of Black or brown color/race.
- 4 Until 2020 the number only referred to Petrobras parent company.
- The data for 2023 includes information from the parent company, Libra, Transpetro, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro Colombia branch, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles, Petrobras Logística de Exploração e Produção, Petrobras Biocombustível, Transportadora Brasileira Gasoduto Bolívia-Brasil, Araucária Nitrogenados, Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores, Petrobras America, Petrobras Singapore Private Limited, Petrobras Global Trading, and Petrobras Netherlands.
- 6 Number of recordable injuries per million man-hours. Data from the parent company, Libra, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro Colombia branch, and Transpetro.
- 7 Data from the parent company only.
- 8 In 2023, the parent company expanded its goal beyond employees and committed to training 100% of employees and contractors by 2025.
- 9 Until 2021 the number only referred to Petrobras parent company.
- 10 NCT = Business, Science and Technology.
- 11 The percentage considers the cumulative number of projects measured from 2019 onwards by the number of projects in the portfolio on December 31 of each year.
- 12 The value considers the cumulative average of measured projects starting from 2019 (total value generated/total investment).
- 13 Until 2019, the number only referred to the parent company. The presented data is rounded to millions of Brazilian Reais, without decimal places. The value for 2023 corresponds to precisely BRL 1,628,355.55.



Acting with integrity

| Disclosure | Integrity metrics | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------|--|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| GRI 11.20.4 | Cases of corruption involving employees in 2023, as defined by article 317 of the Brazilian Penal Code | cases | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| - | Percentage of employees trained in ethics and integrity [1] | % | 99 | 98 | 99.2 | 99.2 | 97.6 |
| - | Employee disciplinary measures [2] | cases | 351 | 250 | 147 | 107 | 72 |

Data from the parent company. Considering the target audience of the training (including professionals requested from other corporate shareholdings and external entities), excluding employees on long-term leave of absence theand those seconded to other companies within the Petrobras System and external entities, the achievement percentage reached was 99.4%.

2 Data from Petrobras parent company.



Economic impacts

| Disclosure | | Proportion of spending on local suppliers [1] | Unit of measure | Value |
|-------------|-------------|---|--------------------|-------|
| GRI 11.14.6 | Brazil | | % | 78.3% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Argentina | | % | 100% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Bolivia | | % | 95.7% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Colombia | | % | 49.7% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | USA | | % | 29.2% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Netherlands | | % | 2.7% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Singapore | | % | 9.1% |
| GRI 11.14.6 | Total | | % | 54.1% |

Local suppliers are considered those contracted in the same country where the respective company is located. The percentage is calculated based on the ratio of the amount spent on local suppliers to the total amount spent on suppliers in general. The data includes the parent company and the following companies: Araucária Nitrogenados, Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores, Petronect, Transportadora Brasileira Gasoduto Bolívia, Transpetro, Transbel, Petrobras Operaciones, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles, Petrobras International Braspetro - Sucursal Colombia, Petrobras America, Petrobras Operaciones, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles, Petrobras International Braspetro - Sucursal Colombia, Petrobras America, Petrobras Operaciones, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles, Petrobras International Braspetro - Sucursal Colombia, Petrobras America, Petrobras Operaciones, Petrobras Netherlands, Transpetro International, and Petrobras Singapore Private Limited.



Anti-corruption

| Disclosure | Anti-corruption [1] | Unit of measure | Proportion |
|-------------|---|-----------------|------------|
| GRI 11.20.2 | Processes assessed for risks related to corruption | % | 100% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Members of the Board of Directors, Fiscal Council, and Executive Board who have been informed about the anti-corruption policies and procedures adopted by the organization | % | 100% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Members of the Board of Directors, Fiscal Council, and Executive Board who received anti-corruption training in 2023 | % | 66.67% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in management positions who have been informed about the anti-corruption policies and procedures adopted by the organization | % | 99.96% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in management positions who received anti-corruption training in 2023 | % | 8.54% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in management positions who have received anti-corruption training in the last 3 years [2] | % | 104.90% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in different position with additional payment (includes supervisor and specialist positions) who have been informed about the anti-corruption policies and procedures adopted by the organization | % | 99.94% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in different position with additional payment (includes supervisor and specialist positions) who received anti-corruption training in 2023 | % | 8.35% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees in different position with additional payment (includes supervisor and specialist positions) who have received anti-corruption training in the last 3 years | % | 99.58% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees without additional payment who have been informed about the anti-corruption policies and procedures adopted by the organization | % | 98.98% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees without additional payment who received anti-corruption training in 2023 | % | 8.50% |
| GRI 11.20.3 | Employees without additional payment who have received anti-corruption training in the last 3 years | % | 97.64% |

¹ Data from Petrobras parent company.

² The percentage exceeds 100% due to fluctuations in the number of employees during the period.



Diversity in governance bodies

| Disclosure | Composition in the Board of Directors, committees, Executive Board, and Fiscal Council | Unit of measure | Percentage |
|------------|--|-----------------|------------|
| - | Petrobras' Nominations in the Board of Directors, advisory committees, Executive Board, and Fiscal Council (seats held by women) | % | 21.0% |

Compliance with laws and regulations

| Disclosure | Compliance with laws and regulations [1] | Unit of measure | Number of fines | Million BRL |
|------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| GRI 2-27 | Fines related to Environmental licensing/ Ibama | fines million BRL | 13 | 54.99 |
| GRI 2-27 | Discharges - oil-based (Ibama) | fines million BRL | 6 | 30.00 |
| GRI 2-27 | Discharges - water-based (Ibama) | fines million BRL | 5 | 7.01 |
| GRI 2-27 | Oil slick (Ibama) | fines million BRL | 3 | 3.36 |

¹ Data from Petrobras parent company.



Main associations

| Disclosure | Association | Year of membership | Unit of measure | 2023 Value |
|------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Brasileiro de Petróleo, Gás e Biocombustíveis (IBP) [1] | 1957 | BRL | - |
| GRI 2-28 | Sociedade Brasileira de Geologia (SBG) | 1957 | BRL | 50,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira das Companhias Abertas (ABRASCA) | 1984 | BRL | 71,500.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Engenharia Automotiva (AEA) | 1984 | BRL | 54,419.72 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Association of Oil and Gas Producers (IOGP) | 1988 | BRL | 1,146,924.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Camara Boliviana de Hidrocarburos Energía (CBHE) | 1996 | BRL | 93,355.90 |
| GRI 2-28 | Camara Brasilera Boliviana | 1996 | BRL | 4,595.55 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas (ABNT) | 1998 | BRL | 19,519.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Camara de Industria y Comercio (CAINCO) | 2000 | BRL | 34,264.83 |
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Ethos [2] | 2000 | BRL | 51,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Comitê Brasileiro de Materiais, Equipamentos e Estruturas Oceânicas para Indústria de Petróleo e Gás Natural da Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas (ABNT/CB-50) | 2002 | BRL | - |
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Brasileiro de Governança Corporativa (IBGC) [3] | 2002 | BRL | 46,999.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Brasileiro de Relacionamento com Investidores (IBRI) | 2002 | BRL | 25,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Gas Union (IGU) | 2003 | BRL | 31,800.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Rede Brasil do Pacto Global das Nações Unidas | 2003 | BRL | 194,400.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira dos Comercializadores de Energia (ABRACEEL) | 2004 | BRL | 88,452.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | American Petroleum Institute (API) | 2005 | BRL | - |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Nacional de Pesquisa e Desenvolvimento das Empresas Inovadoras (ANPEI) | 2005 | BRL | 39,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Well Testing Network (WTN) | 2005 | BRL | 39,568.63 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Petroleum Industry Environmental Conservation Association (IPIECA) | 2006 | BRL | 397,203.81 |
| GRI 2-28 | Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) | 2007 | BRL | |



Main associations (continued)

| Disclosure | Association | Year of membership | Unit of measure | 2023 Value |
|------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GRI 2-28 | Center for Chemical Process Safety (CCPS) | 2009 | BRL | 178,458.62 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Geradoras Termelétricas (ABRAGET) | 2011 | BRL | 1,068,828.62 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Exploração e Produção (ABEP) | 2013 | BRL | 1,670,667.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Association of Drilling Contractors (IADC) | 2014 | BRL | 252,475.95 |
| GRI 2-28 | Centro de Tecnologia em Dutos (CTDUT) | 2015 | BRL | 146,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Pacto Nacional para Erradicação do Trabalho Escravo (InPacto) | 2015 | BRL | 15,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Rede Integrada de Emergência do Vale do Paraíba (RINEM) | 2015 | BRL | 12,466.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Asociación Colombiana de Petróleo (ACP) | 2015 | BRL | 110.82 |
| GRI 2-28 | Camara de Empresas Productoras de Hidrocarburos (CEPH) | 2016 | BRL | 52,915.55 |
| GRI 2-28 | CDP Benchmark Club [4] | 2017 | BRL | 47,344.50 |
| GRI 2-28 | World Economic Forum (WEF) | 2017 | BRL | 711,225.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) | 2018 | BRL | 3,164.16 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira dos Executivos de Licenciamento (Les Brasil) | 2018 | BRL | 600.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Laboratório Nacional de Computação Científica (LNCC) | 2018 | BRL | - |
| GRI 2-28 | The Welding Institute (TWI) | 2018 | BRL | 471,536.36 |
| GRI 2-28 | The Open Group | 2018 | BRL | 149,696.88 |
| GRI 2-28 | University of Tulsa (TULSA) | 2018 | BRL | 276,634.40 |
| GRI 2-28 | Fieldcomm Group | 2019 | BRL | 7,297.95 |
| GRI 2-28 | Iniciativa Empresarial pela Igualdade - ONG Afrobras e Faculdade Zumbi dos Palmares | 2019 | BRL | 28,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Chamber of Commerce (ICC Brasil) | 2019 | BRL | 52,735.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Association for Supply Chain Management (ASCM) | 2019 | BRL | 71,598.00 |



Main associations (continued)

| Disclosure | Association | Year of membership | Unit of measure | 2023 Value |
|------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Downstream (ABD) | 2020 | BRL | 2,097,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Centro Brasileiro de Relações Internacionais (CEBRI) | 2021 | BRL | 55,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Combustível Legal (ICL) | 2021 | BRL | 2,650,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Oil Spill Response Limited (OSRL) | 2021 | BRL | 8,314,910.62 |
| GRI 2-28 | Baltic and International Maritime Council (BIMCO) | 2021 | BRL | 145,569.87 |
| GRI 2-28 | Conselho Empresarial Brasileiro para o Desenvolvimento Sustentável (CEBDS) [5] | 2021 | BRL | 181,279.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Conselho Empresarial Brasil-China (CEBC) | 2022 | BRL | 91,600.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Centro de Pesquisas de Energia Elétrica (CEPEL) | 2022 | BRL | 600,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | The Sprint Robotics Collaborative (SPRINT ROBOTICS) | 2022 | BRL | 158,163.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação de Empresas de Petróleo, Gás e Energias Renováveis da América Latina e do Caribe (ARPEL) | 2022 | BRL | 183,634.50 |
| GRI 2-28 | Oxford Institute for Energy Studies (OIES) | 2022 | BRL | 156,360.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Society of International Gas Tanker and Terminal Operators (SIGTTO) | 2022 | BRL | 61,317.77 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Ensaios Não Destrutivos e Inspeção (ABENDI) [6] | 2023 | BRL | 14,469.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Corrosão (ABRACO) [7] | 2023 | BRL | 16,320.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação Brasileira de Manutenção e Gestão de Ativos (ABRAMAN) [8] | 2023 | BRL | 6,684.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | International Marine Contractors Association (IMCA) | 2023 | BRL | 49,370.40 |
| GRI 2-28 | Center for Advanced Subsurface Earth Resource Models (CASERM) | 2023 | BRL | 244,755.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Instituto Iniciativa Empresarial pela Igualdade | 2023 | BRL | 28,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Associação de Empresas Proprietárias de Infraestrutura e de Sistemas Privados de Telecomunicações (APTEL) | 2023 | BRL | 15,000.00 |
| GRI 2-28 | Oil Companies International Marine Forum (OCIMF) | 2023 | BRL | 63,177.60 |



- IBP receives resources through the Associação Brasileira de Exploração e Produção (ABEP) and Associação Brasileira de Downstream (ABD).
- 2 Instituto Ethos member from 2000 to 2008, resumed membership in 2018.
- 3 IBGC member from 2002 to 2015, resumed membership in 2021.
- 4 CDP member since 2017, with the exception of the year 2020.
- 5 CEBDS payment made in 2021 for the years 2021, 2022, and 2023.
- 6 ABENDI member from 1979 to 2018; resumed membership in 2023.
- 7 ABRACO member from 1971 to 2020; resumed membership in 2023.
- 8 ABRAMAN member from 1984 to 2015; resumed membership in 2023.



Greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions [1]

| Disclosure | Greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions | Unit of measure | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|---|--|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| GRI 11.1.5 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 77.5 | 66 | 66.6 | 61.4 | 58.8 | 55.5 | 61.3 | 47.6 | 45.8 |
| GRI 11.2.3 SASB EM-EP-110a.3 SASB EM-MD-110a.2 SASB EM-RM-110a.2 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 1 operational GHG emissions [2] | million tCO ₂ e | | 11.5 | 10.9 | 16.1 | 18.7 | 22.0 | 16.2 | 29.9 | 31.6 |
| GRI 11.2.3 SASB EM-EP-110a.3 SASB EM-MD-110a.2 SASB EM-RM-110a.2 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 1 operational GHG emissions [2] | % | | 15% | 14% | 21% | 24% | 28% | 21% | 39% | 41% |
| GRI 11.1.6 | Indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| GRI 11.2.3 SASB EM-EP-110a.3 SASB EM-MD-110a.2 SASB EM-RM-110a.2 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 2 operational GHG emissions [2] | million tCO ₂ e | | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| GRI 11.2.3 SASB EM-EP-110a.3 SASB EM-MD-110a.2 SASB EM-RM-110a.2 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 2 operational GHG emissions [2] | % | | 38% | 50% | 50% | 63% | 75% | 50% | 88% | 84% |
| GRI 11.1.5 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | Operational absolute emissions - direct (Scope 1) and indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 78.2 | 66.5 | 67.1 | 61.8 | 59.1 | 55.8 | 61.7 | 47.7 | 45.9 |
| GRI 11.1.7 | Other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions [3] | million tCO ₂ e | 537 | 472 | 450 | 423 | 414 | 427 | 435 | 442 | 441 |
| - | Category 10 | million tCO ₂ e | 10 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 14 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 18 |
| - | Category 11 [3] | million tCO ₂ e | 527 | 460 | 437 | 412 | 400 | 411 | 420 | 425 | 422 |
| GRI 11.2.3 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 3 operational GHG emissions [2] | million tCO ₂ e | | 65 | 87 | 114 | 123 | 110 | 102 | 95 | 96 |
| GRI 11.2.3 | Accumulated reduction of Scope 3 operational GHG emissions [2] | % | | 12% | 16% | 21% | 23% | 20% | 19% | 18% | 18% |



Greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions [1] (continued)

| Disclosure | Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1) by gas type | Unit of measure | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|---|--|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| GRI 11.1.5 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | CO ₂ emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 73.8 | 62.3 | 63.2 | 58.1 | 55.4 | 52.7 | 59.3 | 46.1 | 44.5 |
| GRI 11.1.5 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | CH ₄ emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| GRI 11.1.5 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | Other GHG emissions [4] | million tCO ₂ e | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Disclosure | Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1) by business segment | Unit of measure | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.1 | E&P | million $tCO_2 e$ | 23.1 | 22.3 | 21.6 | 21.0 | 21.7 | 21.0 | 20.2 | 19.7 | 19.9 |
| SASB EM-RM-110a.1 | Refining | million tCO ₂ e | 25.0 | 24.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 22.1 | 21.5 | 21.4 | 19.5 | 18.9 |
| - | Thermal power generation | million tCO ₂ e | 21.7 | 11.8 | 14.6 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 15.2 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| - | Others [5] | million tCO ₂ e | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Disclosure | Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions [6] | Unit of measure | 2023 |
|---|---|----------------------------|------|
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Flared hydrocarbons | million tCO ₂ e | 3.6 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Other combustion | million tCO ₂ e | 32.8 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Process emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 8.6 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Other vented emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 0.3 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.2 | Fugitive emissions | million tCO ₂ e | 0.4 |
| SASB EM-EP-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 SASB EM-EP-110a.1 | Methane percentage | % | 3% |
| SASB EM-RM-110a.1 SASB EM-MD-110a.1 | Percentage covered under emissions-limiting regulations | % | 0% |



1

Our emissions inventory is prepared according to the technical specifications of the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program, in alignment with the guidelines of the standard "A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol)" from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol - A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol), developed by the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD), and with the specific guidelines published by the International Petroleum Industry Environmental Conservation Association (IPIECA) in the Petroleum industry Guidelines for Reporting Greenhouse Gas Emissions. We rely on proprietary software, the Atmospheric Emissions Management System (SIGEA®). This computerized system consolidates our emissions inventory through the monthly processing of information from approximately 10,000 sources. Emission calculations are based on international references such as the American Petroleum Institute Compendium, the Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (US-EPA AP-42), and calculation tools from the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program.

a) Emissions over the period refer to E&P operations, refining, fertilizers, petrochemicals, electricity generation, land (pipeline and road) and maritime transport operations, as well as marketing activities in Brazil, Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, United States, Mexico, Paraguay, and Peru. The range of activities types and countries of operation may vary over the years according to our portfolio management.

b) CO₂ equivalent emissions were calculated based on the Global Warming Potential (GWP) values from the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) - AR4. In reports prior to 2016, these emissions were calculated considering the GWP values of the IPCC's Second Assessment Report (SAR); therefore, changes in the data may be observed.

c) Other possible changes in historical numerical information regarding publications prior to the 2023 Sustainability Report, are due to improvements in the atmospheric emissions management system or recommendations resulting from third-party verification processes.

d) Our emissions are verified annually by a third party, with a forecast that data verification for 2023 will be completed by July 2024, and may undergo adjustments until then.

e) Biogenic CO2 emissions are not representative in our inventory.

Reduction compared to 2015.

The emissions from category 11 in 2022 were adjusted to align with internally used conversion factors. As a result, the Scope 3 emissions were adjusted to 442 million tCO2e, instead of the 435 million tCO2e Dublished in the 2022 Sustainability Report. The values for 2023 refer to the main emissions in Petrobras' value chain without considering the use of carbon credits to offset the emissions from Petrobras Podium Carbon Neutral gasoline, which amount to 96.1 thousand tCO2e and are calculated through LCA (Life Cycle Assessment).

4 "Others" includes HFCs and SF₆ gases. No emissions of PFCs and NF₃ were identified in our activities.

⁶Others" include gas treatment units, LNG terminals, maritime transport, gas transport activities (Transpetro and Transportadora Brasileira Gasoduto Bolívia-Brasil), office activities of Petrobras, in addition to operational activities not previously described: Petrobras Biocombustível; Fertilizantes (until 2020); Liquigás (until 2019); and Petrobras Distribuidora (until 2018).

a) We consider the records of gas flaring volume in activities while they are a part of our portfolio, including exploration and production, refining, fertilizer production, gas treatment, and transportation.

6 b) We consider records of gas released directly into the atmosphere through venting and depressurization events (fugitive emissions from pipeline and equipment components are not included). c) Approximately 99% of the gas flaring volume occurs in Brazil.



Air emissions

| Disclosure | Emissions of regulated pollutants [1] | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| GRI 11.3.2 SASB EM-EP-120a.1 SASB EM-MD-120a.1 SASB EM-RM-120a.1 | NO _x | t | 216,901 | 215,131 | 243,824 | 199,662 | 186,593 |
| GRI 11.3.2 SASB EM-EP-120a.1 SASB EM-MD-120a.1 SASB EM-RM-120a.1 | СО | t | 118,960 | 82,523 | 116,209 | 77,445 | 121,427 |
| GRI 11.3.2 SASB EM-EP-120a.1 SASB EM-MD-120a.1 SASB EM-RM-120a.1 | РМ | t | 12,872 | 11,198 | 12,695 | 11,003 | 10,246 |
| GRI 11.3.2 SASB EM-EP-120a.1 SASB EM-MD-120a.1 SASB EM-RM-120a.1 | SO _x | t | 137,682 | 108,043 | 92,843 | 86,855 | 84,622 |
| GRI 11.3.2 SASB EM-EP-120a.1 SASB EM-MD-120a.1 SASB EM-RM-120a.1 | VOC | t | 272,627 | 279,269 | 243,284 | 170,988 | 223,063 |

Our emissions inventory is prepared according to the technical specifications of the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program, in alignment with the guidelines of the "A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol)" standard from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol, developed by the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD), and with specific guidelines published by IPIECA in the Petroleum industry Guidelines for Reporting Greenhouse Gas Emissions. We rely on a proprietary software, the Atmospheric Emissions Management System (SIGEA®). This computerized system consolidates our inventory through the monthly processing of information from approximately 10,000 sources. The emissions calculations are based on international references such as the American Petroleum Institute Compendium, the Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (US-EPA AP-42), and the calculation tools of the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program. HAP and H₂S gases are not inventoried by Petrobras.



Energy consumption

| Disclosure | Energy consumption within the organization [1] | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|------------|--|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| GRI 11.1.2 | Fuels from non-renewable sources | TJ | 823,828 | 808,350 | 916,641 | 692,550 | 655,236 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Electricity [2] | LT | 13,740 | 12,811 | 13,615 | 12,185 | 12,123 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Total | TJ | 837,568 | 821,161 | 930,256 | 704,735 | 667,360 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Disclosure | Total energy sold [3] | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Electricity | TJ | 124,756 | 102,488 | 113,183 | 99,401 | 99,969 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Steam | LT | 401 | 1,290 | 1,424 | 7,897 | 4,719 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Total | TJ | 125,157 | 103,778 | 114,607 | 107,298 | 104,688 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Disclosure | Total energy consumption | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| GRI 11.1.2 | Total energy consumption within the organization | LT | 712,411 | 717,383 | 815,649 | 597,437 | 562,672 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Disclosure | Energy consumption outside of the organization | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| GRI 11.1.3 | Total energy consumption outside of the organization | millions TJ | | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Disclosure | Energy intensity | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| GRI 11.1.4 | Refining energy intensity [4] | _ | 116.5 | 115.1 | 113.1 | 107.5 | 103.7 |



1

a) The consolidation of internal energy consumption follows the approach and standards adopted for our emissions inventory, including the scope of organizational limits for direct and indirect operations. b) The amounts in mass or volume of fuel consumption consumed are converted to energy considering the values of calorific value by fuel type. Electricity and steam are accounted for based on the theoretical thermal equivalent (0.0036 TJ = 1 MWh). c) Conservatively, we consider that the total energy consumption reported is of fossil origin, since a possible consumption of energy from renewable sources has a low representation in the total, and to separate these in the report there would be a need to improve its tracking. d) Reported fuel consumption includes all those necessary for ours various operations, including: generation of energy and steam for internal use, heating and cooling currents, transportation, and processes, among others. e) In previous reports, values of energy in the form of steam consumed by Petrobras were reported. This consumption refers to the amount of steam acquired by our refineries, but which is imported directly from Petrobras' own thermal plants. In other words, there is no consumption of energy in the form of steam consumed by third parties to be reported. Thus, we excluded the item from the table, also correcting previous years. f) The volume of natural gas and liquid fuels burned through flaring in 2023, totaled 74.7 thousand TJ and is not considered in the calculation of energy consumption.

- 2 In the 2022 Sustainability Report, the electricity data for the years 2021 and 2022 were swapped, although the totals (total consumption) were correct. In the current table, the numbers have been corrected.
- We do not sell "heating" and "cooling" energy. The energy sales volumes are those of the Free Trading Environment (ACL) and Regulated Trading Environment (ACR) of the thermoelectric plants we effectively control and are the same as those already reported to the market through Form 20-F reports (filed in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission SEC) and Reference Form (filed at the Securities and Exchange Commission CVM) converted by a factor of 3,600 in the transformation from MWh to Joule. 2021 steam volumes have been revised to account for steam sales to third party refineries.
- The Refining Energy Intensity Index for 2023 indicates the quality of energy consumption in the Refining Business Units. It assesses the energy consumption of the refinery, which includes the energy (steam, electricity, fuel oil, fuel gas) required to operate the refining processes. It is the ratio between the consumption of primary energy sources in refineries and a standard consumption, which is calculated monthly using protocols for each process unit typology, taking into account the quality and quantity of the feedstock and process characteristics. These protocols are periodically reviewed and updated by SOLOMON. The indicator follows the "lower is better" principle, meaning that a lower index value indicates better energy efficiency.



Waste

| Disclosure | Waste [1] | Unit of measure | Hazardous | Non-hazardous | TOTAL |
|------------|--|--------------------|-----------|---------------|-------|
| GRI 11.5.4 | Waste generated | thousand t | 79.6 | 143.9 | 223.5 |
| GRI 11.5.4 | Drilling fluids and cuttings | thousand t | 2.1 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| GRI 11.5.4 | Oily sludge | thousand t | 39.6 | 0.0 | 39.6 |
| GRI 11.5.4 | Other waste | thousand t | 37.9 | 143.9 | 181.8 |
| GRI 11.5.5 | Waste diverted from disposal [2] | thousand t | 70.4 | 109.4 | 179.8 |
| GRI 11.5.5 | Reuse as fuel | thousand t | 58.3 | 6.6 | 64.9 |
| GRI 11.5.5 | Recovery, recycling, and reuse | thousand t | 12.1 | 102.7 | 114.8 |
| GRI 11.5.5 | Incineration (with energy recovery) | thousand t | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| GRI 11.5.6 | Waste directed to disposal [2] | thousand t | 6.7 | 49.1 | 55.8 |
| GRI 11.5.6 | Biological treatment | thousand t | 0.6 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| GRI 11.5.6 | Incineration (without energy recovery) | thousand t | 1.9 | 0.6 | 2.4 |
| GRI 11.5.6 | Disposal in landfills | thousand t | 3.8 | 40.2 | 43.9 |
| GRI 11.5.6 | Others (waste submitted to unconventional disposal technologies or to more than one type of treatment) | thousand t | 0.4 | 5.9 | 6.3 |

Data include Petrobras parent company, Petrobras Biocombustível, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles and Transpetro.

2 There is no waste disposal within the organization.



Water and effluents

| Disclosure | Water withdrawal by the sources [1] | Unit of measure | All areas | Water stressed areas [2] |
|------------|---|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| GRI 11.6.4 | Surface water | megaliters | 136,302 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Freshwater (salinity < 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 128,381 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Brackish/saline (salinity > 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 7,921 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Groundwater | megaliters | 3,740 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Freshwater (salinity < 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 3,581 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Brackish/saline (salinity > 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 159 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Seawater (saline) | megaliters | 2,670,629 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.4 | Produced water (saline) [4] | megaliters | 93,569 | 0 |
| - | Third-party water (Petrobras facilities) | megaliters | 5,722 | 0 |
| - | [5] Freshwater (salinity ≤ 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 5,654 | 0 |
| - | Brackish/saline (salinity > 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 68 | 0 |
| - | Third-party water (utilities and other companies) | megaliters | 7,726 | 5 |
| - | [6] Freshwater (salinity ≤ 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 7,726 | 5 |
| - | Brackish/saline (salinity > 0.5%) [3] | megaliters | 0 | 0 |
| - | TOTAL | megaliters | 2,917,688 | 5 |

| 1 | 1 | Data include Petrobras parent company, Petrobras Biocombustível, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles and Transpetro. |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | 2 | Water stress according to the criteria of the World Resources Institute "Aqueduct Water Risk Atlas": high baseline water stress (ratio between annual total water demand and annual renewable water supply) is considered when it ranges from 40% to 80%, and extremely high when it exceeds 80%. The Aqueduct tool was updated to version 4.0 in August 2023, and its most recent data revealed a lower exposure of our facilities to areas of annual baseline water stress. |
| 3 | 3 | Although the GRI requests the division of withdrawals into "freshwater" (<1.000 mg/L Total Dissolved Solids) and "other water" (> 1.000 mg/L Total Dissolved Solids), we have chosen to follow the criterion to separate freshwater from brackish/saline water adopted in Brazil by CONAMA Resolution no. 357/2005. |
| 4 | 4 | Produced water generation values are estimated based on the BSW (Basic Sediments and Water) of the producing wells. |
| 5 | 5 | Due to our calculation system, when one of our facilities receives from another Petrobras facility or from a Petrobras subsidiary, this is calculated as "water from third parties." |
| | | |

6 GRI requests a breakdown of 'Third-party Water in Water-Stressed Areas' (5 megaliters) by the original source typology of water withdrawal from suppliers. However, such breakdown is not available due to the variety of suppliers.



Water and effluents (continued)

| Disclosure | Water/effluents discharge by destination [1] | Unit of measure | All areas | Water stressed areas [2] |
|------------|--|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| GRI 11.6.5 | Total water/effluents discharge | megaliters | 2,827,495 | 56 |
| GRI 11.6.5 | Surface water | megaliters | 89,736 | 52 |
| GRI 11.6.5 | Groundwater [3] | megaliters | 202,956 | 4 |
| GRI 11.6.5 | Seawater | megaliters | 2,533,833 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.5 | Third-party (total) | megaliters | 970 | 0 |
| GRI 11.6.5 | Third-party (reuse) | megaliters | 182 | 0 |

| Disclosure | Freshwater use and water reuse [1] | Unit of measure | All areas | Water stressed areas [2] |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| SASB EM-EP-140a.1 SASB EM-RM 140a.1 | Total demand (withdrawal + reuse) | megaliters | 150,468 | 5 |
| SASB EM-EP-140a.1 | Upstream | megaliters | 17,367 | 0 |
| SASB EM-RM 140a.1 | Downstream | megaliters | 127,392 | 5 |
| - | Others | megaliters | 5,708 | 0 |

Data include Petrobras parent company, Petrobras Biocombustível, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Colombia Combustibles and Transpetro.

2 Water stress according to the criteria of the World Resources Institute "Aqueduct Water Risk Atlas": high baseline water stress (ratio between annual total water demand and annual renewable water supply) is considered when it ranges from 40% to 80%, and extremely high when it exceeds 80%. The Aqueduct tool was updated to version 4.0 in August 2023, and its most recent data revealed a lower exposure of our facilities to areas of annual baseline water stress.

³ In alignment with the CDP Water Security, the discharges to underground reservoirs are considering the injected water (or reinjected produced water) in oil and gas reservoirs for secondary recovery purposes. Without considering these portions, the value is 2,438 megaliters.



Oil and oil product spills

| Disclosure | Significar | t spills [1] Unit of measure | Volume | Location | Material |
|------------|------------|------------------------------|--------|--|-----------------|
| GRI 11.8.2 | Soil | m ³ | 9.13 | - | - |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 7.71 | Araçás BA - Brasil | Oil |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Transpetro | m ³ | 1.42 | Santo André SP - Brasil | Gasoline |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Sea | m ³ | 7.73 | - | - |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 0.25 | Bacia de Santos RJ - Brasil | Diesel oil |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 1.30 | Bacia de Campos RJ - Brasil | Oil |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 3.34 | Bacia de Campos RJ - Brasil | Diesel oil |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 2.50 | Bacia de Campos RJ - Brasil | Hydraulic fluid |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Petrobras | m ³ | 0.34 | Bacia do Espírito Santo - ES - Brasil | Oil |
| GRI 11.8.2 | Total | m ³ | 16.86 | - | - |

Process safety

| Disclosure | Process safety events | Unit of measure | Number |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| GRI 11.8.3 SASB EM-EP-540a.1 GRI EM-RM-540a.1 | Number of Tier 1 events | events | 21 |
| GRI 11.8.3 GRI EM-RM-540a.1 | Number of Tier 2 events | events | 42 |

Volumes of oil and oil products spilled related to our operation (excluding clandestine tapping) that individually account for spills above one barrel (0.159 m³) and have reached water bodies or non-waterproofed soil. The data includes Petrobras parent company, Libra, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro - Sucursal Colombia, and Transpetro.



Biodiversity

| Disclosure | Species in areas affected by operations [1] | Unit of measure | National list | International list (IUCN) |
|------------|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| GRI 11.4.5 | IUCN Red List species and national conservation list species with habitats in areas affected by operations | species | 195 | 882 |
| GRI 11.4.5 | Critically endangered | species | 37 | 22 |
| GRI 11.4.5 | Endangered | species | 43 | 26 |
| GRI 11.4.5 | Vulnerable | species | 89 | 51 |
| GRI 11.4.5 | Near threatened | species | 1 | 34 |
| GRI 11.4.5 | Least concern | species | 25 | 749 |

Data include Petrobras parent company, Petrobras Biocombustível, and Transpetro.



Intersection with protected areas

| Disclosure | Company | Unit | Geographic location | Type of operation | Position | Type of area | Area (km²) | Biodiversity value characterized by listing of protected status |
|------------|------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|--|--------------|------------|---|
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | ALAGOAS TERRA | BR-AL | extractive | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 12.6 | V and VI |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | SERGIPE MAR | BR-SE | extractive | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 3.1 | la |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | ADUTORA REDUC-GASLUB | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.9 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | 4150.54 - Faixa de Dutos Cabiúnas - Praia Lagomar - Monobóia | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 0.2 | Ш |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | 4450.81 - Faixa de Dutos Urucu-Coari-(AM) | BR-AM | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 11.1 | Not Reported |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | EMISSÁRIO MARICÁ-COMPERJ | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 2.0 | III and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | GASDUC II | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 3.0 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ESGUAR | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.2 | Ш |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ESTAÇÃO DE BOMBEAMENTO DE ATIBAIA | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.2 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ESTAÇÃO DE BOMBEAMENTO DE RIO PARDO | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.1 | П |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ESTAÇÃO DE BOMBEAMENTO DE SANTA ISABEL | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.1 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ESTAÇÃO DE BOMBEAMENTO TOPO DA SERRA | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.0 | Ш |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | Etanolduto Uberaba - REPLAN - LOGUM 20 e 24, OSBRA 6 POL GA (UBERLANDIA-SHELL), OSBRA 8 POL OD (UBERLANDIA - SHELL), OSBRA 12 POL (SEN.CANEDO-BRASÍLIA), OSBRA 12 POL OD (SEN.CANEDO-CIAS), OSBRA 20'' (REPLAN-SEN. CANEDO), OSBRA 4 POL GA (SEN.CANEDO- CIA | BR-DF, GO e BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 38.5 | IV e V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | GASDUC II | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 3.0 | la |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | GASODUTO DE MERLUZA (PTF MERLUZA - RPBC) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.1 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | GASODUTO DE MERLUZA (PTF MERLUZA - RPBC), GASODUTO RPBC / RECAP - GASAN 12", OSSP R1 14", OSSP R5 14", OSSP R6 18 POL, OSSP R7 -18", OSSP R8 18 POL, OSSP-B1-8 POL (EBC- TECUB), OSSP-R4-24 POL (PETRÓLEO), OSSP-R9-10 POL (GLP/BUT/PROP) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 0.4 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OBATI 14' ESCUROS, OBATI 14'' CLAROS | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.7 | Not Reported |



Intersection with protected areas (continued)

| Disclosure | Company | Unit | Geographic location | Type of operation | Position | Type of area | Area (km²) | Biodiversity value characterized by listing of protected status |
|------------|------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|--|--------------|------------|---|
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSSP 18'' - OC, OSSP A 14, OSSP B 10 (CUBATÃO-SCS), OSSP-SSPC 18 (LINHA C/ CUBATÃO-SCS), OSSP-SSPP 12 P (RE-4 / CUBATÃO-RECAP), RE-5 / 6 POL (SCS - AGIP, EX-S.PAULO) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.5 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OCAB | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 2.7 | III and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OCEVAP I E II | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 2.7 | II and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OPASA / OP10 - CLAROS, OPASA 14 POL CLAROS, OPASA 16 POL - OC | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 3.9 | IV and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ORBEL I | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 7.0 | Ia, III, IV and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ORBEL I | BR-MG | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 7.2 | la |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ORBEL II | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 2.9 | III and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ORBEL II | BR-MG | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 10.2 | la |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | ORBIG | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 4.8 | II, IV and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSBAT 24" (SÃO SEBASTIÃO - RPBC), OSBAT 24' (SÃO SEBASTIÃO- GUARATUBA), OSVAT 42 /OSV42 - (SSE - RIO PARDO) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 4.8 | II, IV and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSDUC-II | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 7.2 | la and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSPLAN 24 POL (S. SEBASTIÃO-GUARAREMA), OSVAT 38 / OSV38 - (RIO PARDO-GMA), OSVAT 42 /OSV42 - (SSE - RIO PARDO) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 3.2 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSPLAN I / RP24 - (GMA-REPLAN), OSPLAN II - RP18 - (REPLAN-GMA), OSVAT 30 / OSV30 - (GMA-REPLAN) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 6.0 | II, III, IV and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSRIO 16 (LORENA-ESVOL) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 10.3 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSRIO 16 POL (GMA-REVAP-LORENA), OSVAT 16 - (SUZANO-RECAP), OSVAT 16 / GZ16 - (GUARAREMA - SUZANO), OSVAT 16 / RV16 - (REVAP-GUARAREMA), OSVAT 22 / GG22 - (GUARAREMA-GUARULHOS) OSVAT 22 / RV22 - (REVAP-GUARAREM | , BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 3.9 | III and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSSP A 14, OSSP-SSPP 12P | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.5 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSVAT 22 / UG22 - (GUARULHOS-SÃO CAETANO), OSVAT 24, OSVAT 24 - (REVAP-TERMINAL DE S. CAETANO DO SUL) | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 0.8 | II and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSVOL 12 | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 1.6 | la and V |



Intersection with protected areas (continued)

| Disclosure | Company | Unit | Geographic location | Type of operation | Position | Type of area | Area (km²) | Biodiversity value characterized by listing of protected status |
|------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--------------|------------|---|
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | OSVOL 10 | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 2.3 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | RECÔNCAVO TERRA | BR-BA | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 256.6 | IV |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | REDUC | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 9.9 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | TEBAR | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 3.2 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | TEJAP | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 0.1 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | TERMINAL AQUAVIÁRIO DE SÃO LUÍS | BR-PA;BR-AP; BR-MA | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.1 | VI |
| GRI 11.4.2 | TRANSPETRO | TERMINAL DE GUARAREMA | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 2.8 | Ш |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | ROTA 3 | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Underground | 4.0 | III and V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | RPBC | BR-SP | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 6.7 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | TRBA | BR-BA | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 1.2 | v |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | TR-BGUA | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.8 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | UTE-SRP-BF | BR-RJ | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 1.2 | V |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | UTE-TLG | BR-MS | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.5 | II |
| GRI 11.4.2 | PETROBRAS | UTGSUL | BR-ES | production | containing portions of the protected area | Surface | 0.2 | VI |



Habitats protected or restored

| Disclosure | Country | Project | Restored habitats | Geographic location | Area (ha) |
|------------|---------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Ecomuseu | Cerrado e Mata Atlântica | SP | 26.97 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Florestando o Semiárido | Caatinga | PB | 85.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Florestas de Valor | Amazônia | ΑΜ, ΡΑ | 102,005.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Guapiaçu III | Mata Atlântica | RJ | 306.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | No Clima da Caatinga | Caatinga | CE, PI | 6,448.95 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Raízes do Purus | Amazônia | AM | 246,000.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Semeando Água | Mata Atlântica | SP;MG | 92.83 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Vale Sustentável | Caatinga | RN | 952.30 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Mangues da Amazônia | Amazônia e Marinho/costeiro | РА | 49.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Recupera Caatinga | Caatinga | PE | 507.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Sertão Carioca | Mata Atlântica | RJ | 1,000.22 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Viveiro Cidadão | Amazônia | RO | 471.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Corredor Caipira | Cerrado e Mata Atlântica | SP | 65.68 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | De olho nos rios | Mata Atlântica | SP | 12.25 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Raízes da Cooperação | Mata Atlântica e Marinho/costeiro | SC | 14.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Produtores de Água e Floresta | Mata Atlântica | RJ | 244.00 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Uçá | Mata Atlântica e Marinho/costeiro | RJ | 32.20 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Olha o Clima | Mata Atlântica | PR | 8.60 |
| GRI 11.4.4 | Brazil | Guará Vermelho | Mata Atlântica | SP | 2.61 |



Main drill exercises of 2023

| Disclosure | Company or business area | |
|---|---|--|
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | WELLS (Complete): January 10th and 11th – Oil spill with uncontrolled well – blowout, during offshore drilling activity (drill together with exploration in a scenario on the Equatorial Margin) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | WELLS (Complete): March 22 – Object falls on a stimulation boat (Blue Orca) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | WELLS (Complete): April 18 - Crash of object on rig (NS-39) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | WELLS (Complete): May 23 – Fire and explosion on rig (NS-43) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | WELLS (Complete): 15th of June - blowout in the onshore well RUC-24, followed by fire, during intervention with the Production Rig JP-025 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Engineering, Technology, and Innovation Officer | Cenpes (Complete): December 12 – Fire in substation panel with multiple victims |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-ES (Complete): April 25th and 26th – Oil spills into the sea from P-62 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-BA (Complete): May 24 – Condensate spill from equipment at the Manati unit |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-BUZ (Tabletop): June 13 - Oil spills into the sea and formation of a gas cloud on P-76 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-BC (Complete): July 11 – Oil spills into the sea on the P-51 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-RNCE (Complete): August 9 – Oil spills into the sea in PCR-1 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-SEAL (TAR-GAD): September 27 - Oil spills into the sea due to uncontrolled well 44 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-ES: October 24 – Oil spill at sea on P-57 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-BS (Complete): November 22nd and 23rd – Explosion followed by oil spilling into the sea on the P-67 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Exploration & Production Officer | UN-ES (Complete): April 25th and 26th - Oil spills into the sea from P-62 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores | Unit 430, on T-4103: January 17 - Rescue in confined space of a sudden illness victim |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores | Outdoor area on U-730 – restaurant: December 13th - LPG leak |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores | U-180 OUT on T-1817 – Settling basin: December 26th - Assistance to victims of a fall with a difference in level (masonry stairs) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | MP Gulf of Mexico | Emergency simulation: December 4 – Unannounced emergency response drill conducted by the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE) |
| SASB EM-HD-540a.4 SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | CARANDA (Communication): February 3 - Traffic accident: vehicle overturns while transporting personnel |



Main drill exercises of 2023 (continued)

| Disclosure | Company or business area | |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | COLPA (Tabletop): February 25 - Oil leak on the TK-1 line |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Tabletop): February 17 - Social Conflict-Invasion of facilities at Capirendit Station |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAL (Communication): February 12 - Spill in condensate pumps, SAL/ITU compression units |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Communication): March 26 - Food poisoning |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Tabletop): March 30 - Propane leak in the P-20-B pump sector, during unloading from a tanker truck |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Communication): March 18 - Contagious diseases |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | CARANDA (Field): April 13 - Leak in the fuel gas line connection in the engine-generator room |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | COLPA (Communication): April 18 – Personal Injury: Operator suffers snake bite |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAL (Field): April 24 - Fire in drums with beds saturated with mercury in a hazardous waste deposit |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Field): April 26th - Forest Fire on the way to PGSAL |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAN (Field): April 9 - Fire of electrical origin in emergency generator room |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Field): May 14 - Spill followed by fire in condensate pump sector P-9-B |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAL (Tabletop): June 18 – Social Conflict: Blockades and invasion of facilities at the San Alberto Gas Plant |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Communication): June 25 - Traffic accident on the way from BLA to PGSAL |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAN (Communication): June 18 - Spill of sludge contaminated with HCB due to leakage from the storage tank in the ATS Drilling Cuttings Treatment Station sector |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | COLPA (Evacuation): July 25 - Fire starts and evacuation of gas plants |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | CARANDA (Evacuation): July 31 - Gas leak, accompanied by fire and/or explosion in sector PIC-14001 |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Field): July 9 - Chemical poisoning during drum transfer tasks (PTA) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | PEB/CORP (Evacuation): July 5th - Evacuation of the facility due to fire |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAL (Communication): August 27 - Leak due to rupture in the Condensate Export Line |



Main drill exercises of 2023 (continued)

| Disclosure | Company or business area | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Tabletop): August 27 - Food poisoning in dormitories and administrative areas BLA |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAN (Tabletop): August 3 - Wildfire around Palos Blancos Airfield |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Field): August 19 - Start of fire in pastures at PGSAN |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | COLPA (Field): August 25th – Gas leak and fire in the Base kitchen |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | CARANDA (Tabletop): August 21 - Invasion of PCG CAR facilities by community members (social conflict) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | PEB (Tabletop): August 23 – Air crash with multiple injuries |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAN (Field): September 17 – Forest fire near the gas tank at Palos Blancos Airfield |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | COLPA (Field): September 29 - Fire in pastures near field collector (forest fire) |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | PEB/CORP (Evacuation): September 8 - Evacuation of the facility due to fire |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | CARANDA (Field): October 23 – Personal injury due to snake bite |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAL (Field): October 23 - Propane gas leak in 4″-300 flanged joint, in the V-803 accumulator |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAL (Field): October 11 - BLA dormitory fire |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | OMSAN (Communication): October 15 - Injection water spill on SBL-101i |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Bolivia | SOPSAN - (Communication): November 25 - Traffic accident with personal injuries |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Colombia Combustibles | Puente Aranda: September 8th – Plant evacuation drill exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Colombia Combustibles | Puente Aranda: December 4th – Plant evacuation drill exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBC: November – Field drill exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | December – Communication drill exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBC: December – Tabletop exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: April 4 – Abandonment |



Main drill exercises of 2023 (continued)

| Disclosure | Business area or company | |
|--|---|--|
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: May 18th – Tabletop exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: August 24th – Communication |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: September 22nd – Tabletop exercise |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: October 24th – Field drill exercise with Confined Space |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras Biocombustível | UBMC: November 22nd – Full field drill exercise, with resource mobilization, abandonment, and communication |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petronect | Building abandonment: May |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras International Braspetro - Colombia Branch | Bogotá Office (emergency drill): September 14 – office evacuation |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Petrobras International Braspetro - Colombia Branch | Bogotá Office (emergency drill): September 14 – district earthquake evacuation drill |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Industrial Processes and Products Officer | REGAP (Complete): August 24 – Imminent risk of dam failure, caused by water infiltration |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Industrial Processes and Products Officer | REPLAN (Complete): November 1st – Full surface fire in oil tank, no casualties |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Industrial Processes and Products Officer | UTGCAB (Complete): December 1st – Loss of containment in the tank, followed by fire, with casualty |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transportadora Brasileira Gasoduto Bolívia-Brasil | Brusque/SC: December 7th – Type 2 emergency drill, which involves TBG's own and contracted employees, external entities, and the community |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Corporate Affairs Officer | Edisa (Complete): September 21 – Fire followed by explosion at the Gas Plant with multiple victims |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transbel | Communication: February and November |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transbel | Tabletop: December |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transbel | Field: December |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transpetro | Drill in the GASAN II Pipeline Range: July 20th – Exercise carried out in Ribeirão Pires, SP, with a large oil spill scenario, with evacuation of residents, support for Civil Defense, São Paulo Fire Department and CETESB |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transpetro | Suape Waterway Terminal: November 22 – Drill with large oil spill, with impacts on the environment, health, and image. Performance of Transpetro's response teams, in support of the Suape Port Complex and participation of the Port Authority and representative of the local environmental agency |
| SASB EM-EP-540a.2 SASB EM-MD-540a.4 | Transpetro | Bay of All Saints (BA): December 14 – Drill of a leak during the transfer of fuel oil between ships (ship to ship operation), caused by the rupture of one of the hoses. This activity included the participation of the Institute of Environment and Water Resources of Bahia (INEMA) and the Port Authority of Bahia |



Employee profile [1]

| Disclosure | Diversity of governance bodies and employees | Unit of measure | Executive | e Board | Management position | | Management position | | Management position | | Management position | | Management position | | Management positio | | Other AP | L/MP [2] | Employee: APL/M | | Tot | al |
|-------------|--|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|--|--------------------|--|----------|----------|--------------------|--|-----|----|
| GRI 11.11.5 | Biological sex | employees % | 17 | 100% | 5,200 | 100% | 3,639 | 100% | 37,874 | 100% | 46,730 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Female | employees % | 2 | 11.8% | 1,148 | 22.1% | 505 | 13.9% | 6,345 | 16.8% | 8,000 | 17.1% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Male | employees % | 15 | 88.2% | 4,052 | 77.9% | 3,134 | 86.1% | 31,529 | 83.2% | 38,730 | 82.9% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Self-declaration of gender identity [3] | employees % | 9 | 100% | 4,615 | 100% | 3,065 | 100% | 32,524 | 100% | 40,213 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Woman | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 237 | 5.1% | 70 | 2.3% | 883 | 2.7% | 1,190 | 3.0% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Man | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 605 | 13.1% | 292 | 9.5% | 2,626 | 8.1% | 3,523 | 8.8% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Non-binary | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.0% | 16 | 0.0% | 17 | 0.0% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Prefer not to answer | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 4 | 0.1% | 0 | 0.0% | 22 | 0.1% | 26 | 0.1% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Not specified | employees % | 9 | 100% | 3,769 | 81.7% | 2,702 | 88.2% | 28,977 | 89.1% | 35,457 | 88.2% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Skin color | employees % | 17 | 100% | 5,200 | 100% | 3,639 | 100% | 37,874 | 100% | 46,730 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Yellow | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 60 | 1.2% | 53 | 1.5% | 593 | 1.6% | 706 | 1.5% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | White | employees % | 12 | 70.6% | 3,513 | 67.6% | 2,100 | 57.7% | 20,742 | 54.8% | 26,367 | 56.4% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Brown | employees % | 2 | 11.8% | 944 | 18.2% | 911 | 25.0% | 9,975 | 26.3% | 11,832 | 25.3% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Black | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 188 | 3.6% | 194 | 5.3% | 2,599 | 6.9% | 2,981 | 6.4% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Red | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 8 | 0.2% | 8 | 0.2% | 82 | 0.2% | 98 | 0.2% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Prefer not to answer | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 38 | 0.7% | 11 | 0.3% | 283 | 0.7% | 332 | 0.7% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Not specified | employees % | 3 | 17.6% | 449 | 8.6% | 362 | 9.9% | 3,600 | 9.5% | 4,414 | 9.4% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Age range | employees % | 17 | 100% | 5,200 | 100% | 3,639 | 100% | 37,874 | 100% | 46,730 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Below 30 years old | employees % | 0 | 0.0% | 13 | 0.3% | 11 | 0.3% | 1,288 | 3.4% | 1,312 | 2.8% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | From 30 to 50 years old | employees % | 2 | 11.8% | 4,379 | 84.2% | 2,676 | 73.5% | 26,719 | 70.5% | 33,776 | 72.3% | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.5 | Above 50 years old | employees % | 15 | 88.2% | 808 | 15.5% | 952 | 26.2% | 9,867 | 26.1% | 11,642 | 24.9% | | | | | | | | | | |

| Disclosure | Employees per work regime | Unit of measure | Full-time p regir | | Part-time p regim | | Non-guaranteed ho employees | ours | Tot | al |
|------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--------------------------------|------|--------|-------|
| GRI 2-7 | Biological sex | employees % | 46,345 | 100% | 385 | 100% | 0 | - | 46,730 | 100% |
| GRI 2-7 | Female | employees % | 7,786 | 16.8% | 214 | 55.6% | 0 | - | 8,000 | 17.1% |
| GRI 2-7 | Male | employees % | 38,559 | 83.2% | 171 | 44.4% | 0 | - | 38,730 | 82.9% |
| GRI 2-7 | Self-declaration of gender identity [3] | employees % | 39,852 | 100% | 361 | 100% | 0 | - | 40,213 | 100% |
| GRI 2-7 | Woman | employees % | 1,145 | 2.9% | 45 | 12.5% | 0 | - | 1,190 | 3.0% |
| GRI 2-7 | Man | employees % | 3,505 | 8.8% | 18 | 5.0% | 0 | - | 3,523 | 8.8% |
| GRI 2-7 | Non-binary | employees % | 16 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | - | 17 | 0.0% |
| GRI 2-7 | Prefer not to answer | employees % | 25 | 0.1% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | - | 26 | 0.1% |
| GRI 2-7 | Not specified | employees % | 35,161 | 88.2% | 296 | 82.0% | 0 | - | 35,457 | 88.2% |
| GRI 2-7 | Region | employees % | 46,345 | 100% | 385 | 100% | 0 | - | 46,730 | 100% |
| GRI 2-7 | Brazil | employees % | 45,753 | 98.7% | 376 | 97.7% | 0 | - | 46,129 | 98.7% |
| GRI 2-7 | Midwest | employees % | 238 | 0.5% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | - | 239 | 0.5% |
| GRI 2-7 | Northeast | employees % | 4,190 | 9.0% | 17 | 4.4% | 0 | - | 4,207 | 9.0% |
| GRI 2-7 | North | employees % | 746 | 1.6% | 1 | 0.3% | 0 | - | 747 | 1.6% |
| GRI 2-7 | Southeast | employees % | 38,634 | 83.4% | 348 | 90.4% | 0 | - | 38,982 | 83.4% |
| GRI 2-7 | South | employees % | 1,945 | 4.2% | 9 | 2.3% | 0 | - | 1,954 | 4.2% |
| GRI 2-7 | Other countries in the Americas | employees % | 499 | 1.1% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | - | 499 | 1.1% |
| GRI 2-7 | Asia | employees % | 41 | 0.1% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | - | 41 | 0.1% |
| GRI 2-7 | Europe | employees % | 52 | 0.1% | 9 | 2.3% | 0 | - | 61 | 0.1% |

| Disclosure | Employee profile by type of employment contract | Unit of measure | Perma | nent | Tempo | Temporary T | | Total | |
|------------|---|-----------------|--------|-------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|--|
| GRI 2-7 | Biological sex | employees % | 46,500 | 100% | 230 | 100% | 46,730 | 100% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Female | employees % | 7,949 | 17.1% | 51 | 22.2% | 8,000 | 17.1% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Male | employees % | 38,551 | 82.9% | 179 | 77.8% | 38,730 | 82.9% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Self-declaration of gender identity [3] | employees % | 40,213 | 100% | 0 | - | 40,213 | 100% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Woman | employees % | 1,190 | 3.0% | 0 | - | 1,190 | 3.0% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Man | employees % | 3,523 | 8.8% | 0 | - | 3,523 | 8.8% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Non-binary | employees % | 17 | 0.0% | 0 | - | 17 | 0.0% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Prefer not to answer | employees % | 26 | 0.1% | 0 | - | 26 | 0.1% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Not specified | employees % | 35,457 | 88.2% | 0 | - | 35,457 | 88.2% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Region | employees % | 46,500 | 100% | 230 | 100% | 46,730 | 100% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Brazil | employees % | 45,913 | 98.7% | 216 | 93.9% | 46,129 | 98.7% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Midwest | employees % | 237 | 0.5% | 2 | 0.9% | 239 | 0.5% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Northeast | employees % | 4,207 | 9.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 4,207 | 9.0% | |
| GRI 2-7 | North | employees % | 747 | 1.6% | 0 | 0.0% | 747 | 1.6% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Southeast | employees % | 38,772 | 83.4% | 210 | 91.3% | 38,982 | 83.4% | |
| GRI 2-7 | South | employees % | 1,950 | 4.2% | 4 | 1.7% | 1,954 | 4.2% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Other countries in the Americas | employees % | 497 | 1.1% | 2 | 0.9% | 499 | 1.1% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Asia | employees % | 41 | 0.1% | 0 | 0.0% | 41 | 0.1% | |
| GRI 2-7 | Europe | employees % | 49 | 0.1% | 12 | 5.2% | 61 | 0.1% | |

| Disclosure | Local employment [5] | Unit of measure | Executive Board | Management position | Other employees | Total |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|
| GRI 11.11.2 | Brazil | % | 100% | 99.8% | 100% | 99.9% |
| GRI 11.14.3 | | 70 | 100% | 55.676 | 100% | 55.570 |
| GRI 11.11.2 | Argentina | % | _ | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.14.3 | Argentina | 20 | - | 10070 | 100% | 10076 |
| GRI 11.11.2 | Polivia | % | _ | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.14.3 | Bolivia | 20 | - | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.11.2 | Colombia | % | | 66.7% | 100% | 94.3% |
| GRI 11.14.3 | Colonibia | 28 | - | 00.7% | 100% | 94.5% |
| GRI 11.11.2 | | % | | 100% | 100% | 1000/ |
| GRI 11.14.3 | USA | 20 | - | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.11.2 | Nath sular da | % | | 1000/ | 100% | 1000/ |
| GRI 11.14.3 | Netherlands | 70 | - | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.11.2 | | 0/ | | 1000/ | 100% | 1000/ |
| GRI 11.14.3 | Singapore | % | - | 100% | 100% | 100% |

| - Total hiring cost thousand BRL | Disclosure | Hiring costs [6] | Unit of measure | Cost |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| - Average biring cost/FTF | - | Total hiring cost | thousand BRL | 8,136.64 |
| | - | Average hiring cost/FTE | thousand BRL | 3.20 |

| Disclosure | Internal hires | Unit of measure | Proportion |
|------------|--|-----------------|------------|
| - | Percentage of open positions filled by internal candidates | % | 75% |

| Disclosure | Total number of new employee hires [6] [7] | Unit of measure | Hires | Rate |
|-------------|--|-----------------|-------|------|
| GRI 11.10.2 | Biological sex | employees % | 2,546 | 5.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Female | employees % | 537 | 1.1% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Male | employees | 2,009 | 4.3% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Self-declaration of gender identity [3] | % employees | 2,275 | 4.9% |
| | | % employees | | |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Woman | employees | 49 | 0.1% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Man | % | 208 | 0.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Non-binary | employees % | 2 | 0.0% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Prefer not to answer | employees % | 2 | 0.0% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Not specified | employees | 2,014 | 4.3% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Age range | % employees | 2,546 | 5.4% |
| | | % employees | | |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Below 30 years old | % | 819 | 1.8% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | From 30 to 50 years old | employees % | 1,541 | 3.3% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Above 50 years old | employees % | 186 | 0.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Region | employees | 2,546 | 5.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Brazil | % employees | 2,465 | 5.3% |
| | | % employees | | |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Midwest | % | 11 | 0.0% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Northeast | employees % | 372 | 0.8% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | North | employees % | 1 | 0.0% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Southeast | employees % | 2,002 | 4.3% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | South | employees | 79 | 0.2% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Other countries in the Americas | % employees | 66 | 0.1% |
| | | % employees | | |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Asia | % | 5 | 0.0% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Europe | employees % | 10 | 0.0% |

| Disclosure | Number of employees who leave the organization and turnover rate [8] | Unit of measure | Voluntary resignations Volu | untary turnover rate | Employees who leave the organization | Turnover rate |
|-------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| GRI 11.10.2 | Biological sex | employees % | 802 | 1.7% | 1,038 | 2.2% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Female | employees % | 78 | 1.0% | 113 | 1.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Male | employees % | 724 | 1.9% | 925 | 2.4% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Age range | employees % | 802 | 1.7% | 1,038 | 2.2% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Below 30 years old | employees % | 11 | 0.8% | 12 | 0.9% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | From 30 to 50 years old | employees % | 209 | 0.6% | 296 | 0.9% |
| GRI 11.10.2 | Above 50 years old | employees % | 582 | 5.0% | 730 | 6.3% |

| Disclosure | Parental leave [3] | Unit of measure | Women | Men |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|-------|-------|
| GRI 11.10.4 | Total number of employees that were entitled to parental leave | employees | 328 | 996 |
| GRI 11.11.3 GRI 11.10.4 | | | | |
| GRI 11.11.3 | Total number of employees that took parental leave | employees | 328 | 996 |
| GRI 11.10.4 | Total number of employees due to return to work after taking parental leave | employees | 344 | 1,016 |
| GRI 11.11.3 | | emptoyees | 511 | 1,010 |
| GRI 11.10.4 GRI 11.11.3 | Total number of employees that returned to work in the reporting period after parental leave ended | employees | 344 | 1,016 |
| GRI 11.10.4 | Total number of employees that returned to work after parental leave ended that were still employed 12 months after their return to work | employees | 342 | 1,010 |
| GRI 11.11.3 | יסנמ המחושבו טו בחוףנטצבי נחמר בנמוחבת נט שטוג מונבו שמיבותמונפמצי בחופת נחמר שבו ב זנוג בחוףנטצבי וב חוסונוז מונבו רובנו ורנט שטוג | employees | JHL | 1,010 |
| GRI 11.10.4 | Return to work rate [9] | % | 100% | 100% |
| GRI 11.11.3 | | | 10070 | 10070 |
| GRI 11.10.4 | Retention rate [10] | % | 99.4% | 99.4% |
| GRI 11.11.3 | | | | |

| Disclosure | Annual total compensation | Unit of measure | Value |
|------------|--|-----------------|----------|
| - | Annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual [11] | thousand BRL | 2,728.52 |
| - | Annual total compensation for the CEO [11] | thousand BRL | 2,728.52 |
| - | Median annual total compensation of all employees [11] [12] | thousand BRL | 393.57 |
| GRI 2-21 | Ratio of the annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual to the average annual total compensation for all employees [11] [13] | - | 6.39 |
| GRI 2-21 | Ratio of the percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual to the average percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees [11] [14] | - | 1.51 |

| Disclosure | Gender pay indicators [15] | Unit of measure | Average women salary | Average men salary |
|------------|--|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| - | Executive level (base salary only) [12] | thousand BRL | 881.28 | 949.66 |
| - | Executive level (base salary + other cash incentives) [11] [12] [16] | thousand BRL | 881.28 | 949.66 |
| - | Management level (base salary only) [12] | thousand BRL | 452.71 | 490.09 |
| - | Management level (base salary + other cash incentives) [11] [12] | thousand BRL | 597.55 | 651.79 |
| - | Non-management (base salary only) [12] | thousand BRL | 258.40 | 272.73 |
| - | Non-management (base salary + other cash incentives) [11] [12] | thousand BRL | 312.08 | 329.38 |

| Disclosure | Ratio of basic salary of women to men [15] [16] | Unit of measure | Executive Board | Management position | Other APL/MP [2] | Employees without APL/MP [2] |
|-------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| GRI 11.11.6 | Ratio of basic salary of women to men | unit | 0.96 | 0.89 | 0.90 | 0.95 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Petrobras parent company | unit | 0.99 | 0.94 | 0.88 | 0.96 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Brazilian subsidiaries | unit | 0.97 | 0.62 | 0.80 | 0.89 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Foreign subsidiaries | unit | | 0.31 | 1.38 | 0.59 |

| Disclosure | Ratio of remuneration of women to men [15] [16] | Unit of measure | Executive Board | Management position | Other APL/MP [2] | Employees without APL/MP [2] |
|-------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| GRI 11.11.6 | Ratio of remuneration of women to men | unit | 0.96 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.96 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Petrobras parent company | unit | 0.99 | 0.93 | 0.89 | 0.96 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Brazilian subsidiaries | unit | 0.97 | 0.62 | 0.80 | 0.89 |
| GRI 11.11.6 | Foreign subsidiaries | unit | | 0.52 | 1.38 | 1.65 |

| Disclosure | Average hours per FTE of training and development per year [3] | Unit of measure | Average hours |
|-------------|--|-----------------|---------------|
| GRI 11.10.6 | Biological sex | hours | 71.3 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | | | |
| GRI 11.10.6 | Female | hours | 54.6 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | reliate | nours | 54.0 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | M-I- | h a una | 747 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Male | hours | 74.7 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | F () | | -1 -7 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Employee category | hours | 71.3 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | | | 1.0 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Executive Board | hours | 1.0 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | | | 56.1 |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Management position | hours | 56.1 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | | | CO A |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Other APL/MP [2] | hours | 69.1 |
| GRI 11.10.6 | | | |
| GRI 11.11.4 | Employees without APL/MP [2] | hours | 73.7 |

| Disclosure | Incidents of discrimination [17] | Unit of measure | Under analysis | Analysis completed | Implementation of the reparation plan | Reparation plan completed | Reparation plan and analysis of results completed | Not subject to corrective measures | Total |
|-------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|---|---|-------|
| GRI 11.11.7 | Incidents of discrimination that occurred in 2023 and the situation as of December 31, 2023 | incidents | 48 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 93 | 153 |

1

15

The calculated numbers correspond to employees registered in the system under the regime on 12/31/2023, assigned to equivalent regions; therefore, it does not consider fluctuations in hiring or termination, since it is data from the company's profile on a specific date and not an average of the period. The members of the Executive Board (officers and CEO) are governed by the company's bylaws and also by the Brazilian Corporate Law, not being subject to the CLT (Consolidation of Labor Laws). Does not include data from Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores, Petronect, and Transbel. Does not include employees from contracted companies.

- 2 APL/MP = additional payment for leadership/management position (includes supervisor and specialist positions).
- 3 Data from Petrobras parent company.
- 4 Administrative regime in reduced working hours (part-time) with a reduction of 20 or 25% of the working hours.
- 5 Percentage of locally hired employees compared to the total number of employees in each category.
- 6 Araucária Nitrogenados, Termobahia, Termomacaé, Petrobras Logística de Exporação e Produção, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras Operaciones, and Transpetro International did not have any hirings during the period.
- 7 The rate considers the number of new hires divided by the total number of employees.
- 8 Voluntary turnover is the proportion of employees who chose to leave the company (such as resignation, retirement, early retirement, etc.) during 2023, expressed as a percentage of the total number of employees on December 31, 2023. Total turnover is the proportion of employees who left the company voluntarily or involuntarily.
- 9 Return to work rate is the percentage of employees that did return to work after parental leave compared to the number of employees due to return to work after taking parental leave.
- 10 Retention rate is the percentage of employees retained 12 months after returning to work following a period of parental leave compared to the number of employees returning from parental leave in the prior reporting period.
- 11 Total compensation including all bonuses, but excluding pension benefits and additional benefits. Variable compensation values (PPP and PLR) refer to the 2022 fiscal year and were paid throughout 2023.
- 12 Consolidation between companies performed with a weighted average based on the respective number of employees in each company.
- For the calculation, each company determined the ratio between the total annual compensation of the highest-paid individual in the company and the average compensation of the remaining employees. Consolidation between the companies was then performed by taking the weighted average of the ratios calculated in each company, based on their respective number of employees.
- Por the calculation, each company determined the ratio between the percentage increase in total annual compensation of the highest-paid individual in the company and the average percentage increase of the remaining employees' compensation. Consolidation between the companies was then performed by taking the weighted average of the ratios calculated in each company, based on their respective number of employees.

According to Directive 7 of our Human Resources Policy and item 4.2.a of our Code of Ethical Conduct, Petrobras' Career and Compensation Plan (PCR) does not differentiate between genders in terms of compensation for individuals of the same position or role, who are at the same salary level and under the same working conditions (shift work and on-call) in the oil and gas industry leads to a small overall salary difference when analyzing positions/roles/salary levels/working conditions that are not equivalent. We have a salary table with different levels of basic salary, applicable to both men and women. However, for the calculation of compensation, basic salaries and additional benefits such as transportation allowance, childcare assistance, etc., are taken into account. To avoid erroneous calculation tendencies, nine employees classified in the following cases were excluded from the control group: those on unpaid leave, with suspended contracts, reinstated employees, terminated due to contractual nullity, and retirees on non-remunerated leave from the National Social Security Institute (INSS).

- 16 The proportion cannot be calculated in cases where there are no men or women in the country within the functional category in question.
- 17 Unlike what is stated in note [1], for this disclosure, all companies in the system are included.



Occupational health and safety

| Disclosure | | Unit of measure | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|
| GRI 11.9.10 SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 GRI 11.9.10 | Total Recordable Injuries Rate (TRIR) - Total [1] | injuries per million man-hours | 0.76 | 0.56 | 0.54 | 0.68 | 0.80 |
| SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 GRI 11.9.10 | Total Recordable Injuries Rate (TRIR) - Employees [1] | injuries per million man-hours | 0.71 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.45 | 0.41 |
| SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 GRI 11.9.10 | Total Recordable Injuries Rate (TRIR) - Contractors [1] | injuries per million man-hours | 0.78 | 0.66 | 0.64 | 0.75 | 0.92 |
| SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 GRI 11.9.10 | Lost Time Injury Rate (LTIR) - Total [2] | accidents with absenteeism per million man-hours | 0.48 | 0.35 | 0.34 | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 | Lost Time Injury Rate (LTIR) - Employees [2] | accidents with absenteeism per million man-hours | 0.62 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.39 | 0.25 |
| GRI 11.9.10 SASB EM-EP-320a.1 SASB EM-RM-320a.1 | Lost Time Injury Rate (LTIR) - Contractors [2] | accidents with absenteeism per million man-hours | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.40 | 0.48 | 0.53 |
| GRI 11.9.11 | Occupational Disease Incidence Rate (TIDO) - Employees [3] | lost days per employee | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| - | Average Lost Work Days Cases (Average LWDC) - Employees [4] | lost days per employee | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| - | Percentage of time lost due to illness or accident – PTP/PTP-S – Employees [5] | % | 2.37 | 1.53 | 1.83 | 2.28 | 2.39 |

| 1 | Data from parent company, Libra, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro – Colombia branch and Transpetro. Number of recordable injuries per million man-hours of risk exposure. It includes typical cases of injuries without leave (excluding first aid cases), injuries with leave, occupational diseases, and fatal accidents. |
|---|--|
| 2 | Data from parent company, Libra, Petrobras Bolivia, Petrobras International Braspetro - Colombia branch and Transpetro. Number of injury victims that take leave from work resulting from typical accidents or cases of occupational disease per million man-hours of risk exposure. |
| 3 | Data from parent company only. Total number of new cases of occupational diseases, per 1,000 employees, characterized by the company. The Workplace Accident Communication issued by court decision and the characterizations by the INSS are not computed, when contested for being in disagreement with the company's technical-based evaluation. |
| 4 | Data from parent company only. Number of days lost per company employee to absences due to work-related health causes - work accident and occupational disease. The calculation considers the days from the day after the injury to the day before the return. |
| 5 | Data from parent company only. Total hours not worked due to illness and injury accumulated during the period, divided by the total planned hours accumulated during the period, multiplied by 100. As of 2020, this indicator will be called Percentage of time lost due to illness or accident - PTP-5. We decided to make an adjustment in the calculation of the Percentage Lost Time indicator - PTP, in order to remove hours referring to vacation from the total planned hours of work, as well as data related to assigned employees. As a result, it was necessary to adjust its calculation formula, as well as to establish a target for 2021 based on the new parameters. |
| | |



Communities

| Disclosure | Indicators of the coverage area [1] | Unif of measure | Value |
|------------------|---|-----------------|-------|
| SASB EM-RM-120a. | 2 Number of refineries in or near areas of dense population | refineries | 10 |
| GRI 11.15.2 | Percentage of current production assets for which community consultations were conducted | % | 98% |
| - | Percentage of projects under development for which community consultations have been or are being conducted | % | 93% |
| GRI 11.18.2 | Security workforce | workers | 4,501 |
| GRI 11.18.2 | Security workforce trained in human rights | workers | 3,341 |
| GRI 11.18.2 | Percentage of the security workforce trained in human rights | % | 74% |

1 Data from parent company only.



Donations made in 2023

| Disclosure | Donating company | Beneficiary | Description | Unit of measure | Value |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------|
| - | Petrobras parent company | Movimento União BR | Financial donation for the acquisition and distribution of stoves and refrigerators to the families affected by heavy rains on the coast of São Paulo | BRL | 1,000,000.00 |
| - | Petrobras parent company | Ministério da Defesa | Physical scale model, replica of the FPSO Carioca for the Ministry of Defense, represented by the Permanent Representation of Brazil to the International Maritime Organization (RPBOMI) | BRL | 134,132.68 |
| - | Fábrica Carioca de Catalisadores | Volunteer | Financial donation to support the population of Rio Grande do Sul affected by the rains (in partnership with the Corporate Volunteering - Corrente do Bem) | BRL | 3,260.00 |
| - | Petronect | Associação dos Moradores do Morro do Cruz (Projeto Favela Viva) | 100 boxes of chocolates for Easter | BRL | 1,400.00 |
| - | Petronect | Exército da Salvação | 120 blankets during the winter period | BRL | 2,248.60 |
| - | Petronect | Associação dos Moradores do Morro do Cruz (Projeto Favela Viva) | Furniture for the library (shelves) | BRL | - |
| - | Petronect | Associação Beneficiente São Martinho (Província Carmelitana de Santo Elias) | Furniture for the computer room (cabinet) | BRL | - |
| - | Petronect | Instituto Trilho | 110 toys for the children | BRL | 2,013.90 |
| - | Transpetro | Equipes de Atendimento à Emergência (Marinha, Polícia Militar, Prefeitura Municipal de São Sebastião) | Aviation fuel for aircraft involved in the climate emergency response in the municipality of São Sebastião (SP), which occurred on February 18, 2023 | BRL | 268,261.56 |
| - | Transpetro | Fundo Social de Solidariedade de São Sebastião | Mineral water, bleach, laundry detergent, whole milk, toilet paper, wet wipes | BRL | 9,027.77 |
| - | Transpetro | Câmara Municipal de São Sebastião | Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) boots | BRL | 1,720.00 |
| - | Transpetro | Defesa Civil de São Sebastião | Provision of helicopters and boats to support the actions of the Civil Defense during the climate emergency on February 18, 2023 | BRL | 62,871.18 |
| - | Transpetro | Fundo Social de Solidariedade de São Sebastião | Chocolate milk, mineral water, garbage bags, powdered milk | BRL | 9,713.69 |
| - | Transpetro | Doações diretas para comunidade ou empregados | Basic food baskets | BRL | 24,375.00 |
| - | Transpetro | Defesa Civil de Coari/AM | Basic food baskets for communities affected by extreme drought in the northern region (isolated families mapped by Transpetro in communities surrounding the operational facilities) | BRL | 83,518.68 |
| - | Transpetro | Secretaria de Meio Ambiente da Prefeitura de São Mateus/ES | Hygiene and cleaning supplies for socially vulnerable families affected by the heavy rains that occurred in the region at the end of 2022 and the beginning of 2023. Emergency Decree No. 14.323/2022 | BRL | 14,463.98 |
| - | Petrobras Biocombustível | Corpo de Bombeiros do Estado do Ceará | Furniture and utensils | BRL | 11,348.51 |





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